

# Docker

Biel, 09.11.2016

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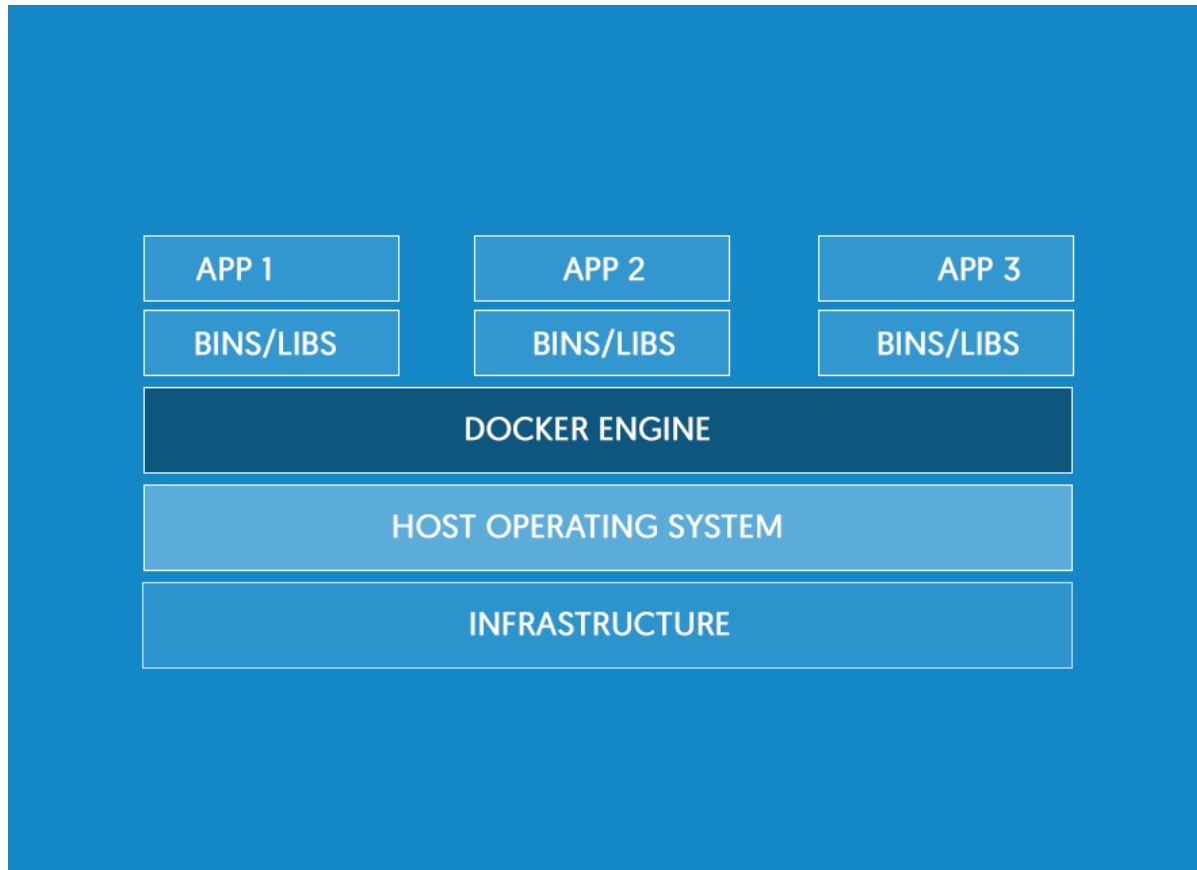
Berner  
Fachhochschule

Docker Engine

Examples

Future Topics

# Docker Project



- Open Source
- Linux Only (Andere OS via vorkonfigurierte VM)
- Organisation ähnlich wie Github

Docker

# Inhalt

- Container und Images
- Technische Umsetzung
- Image Verwaltung
- Security

# Container

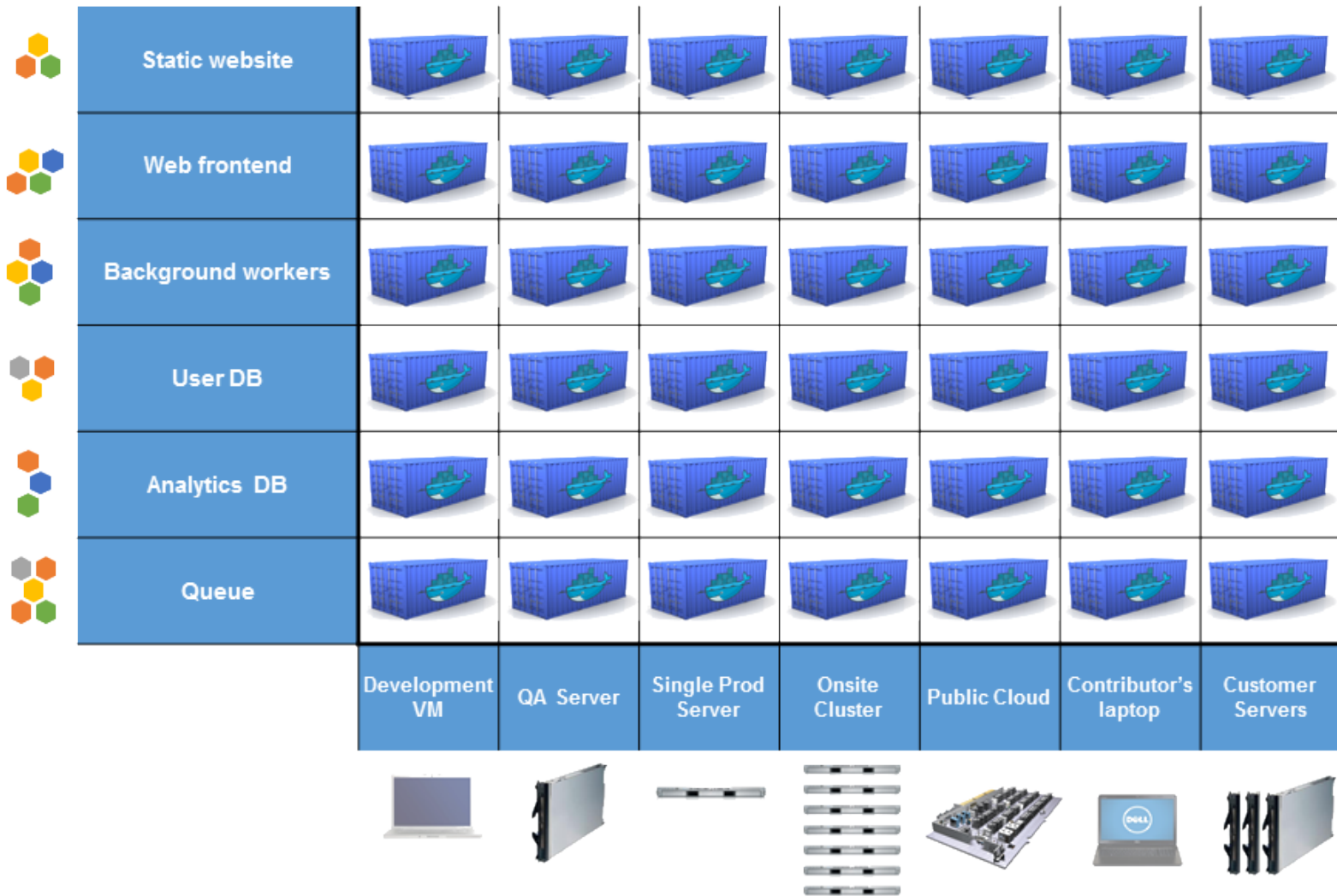


Quelle:

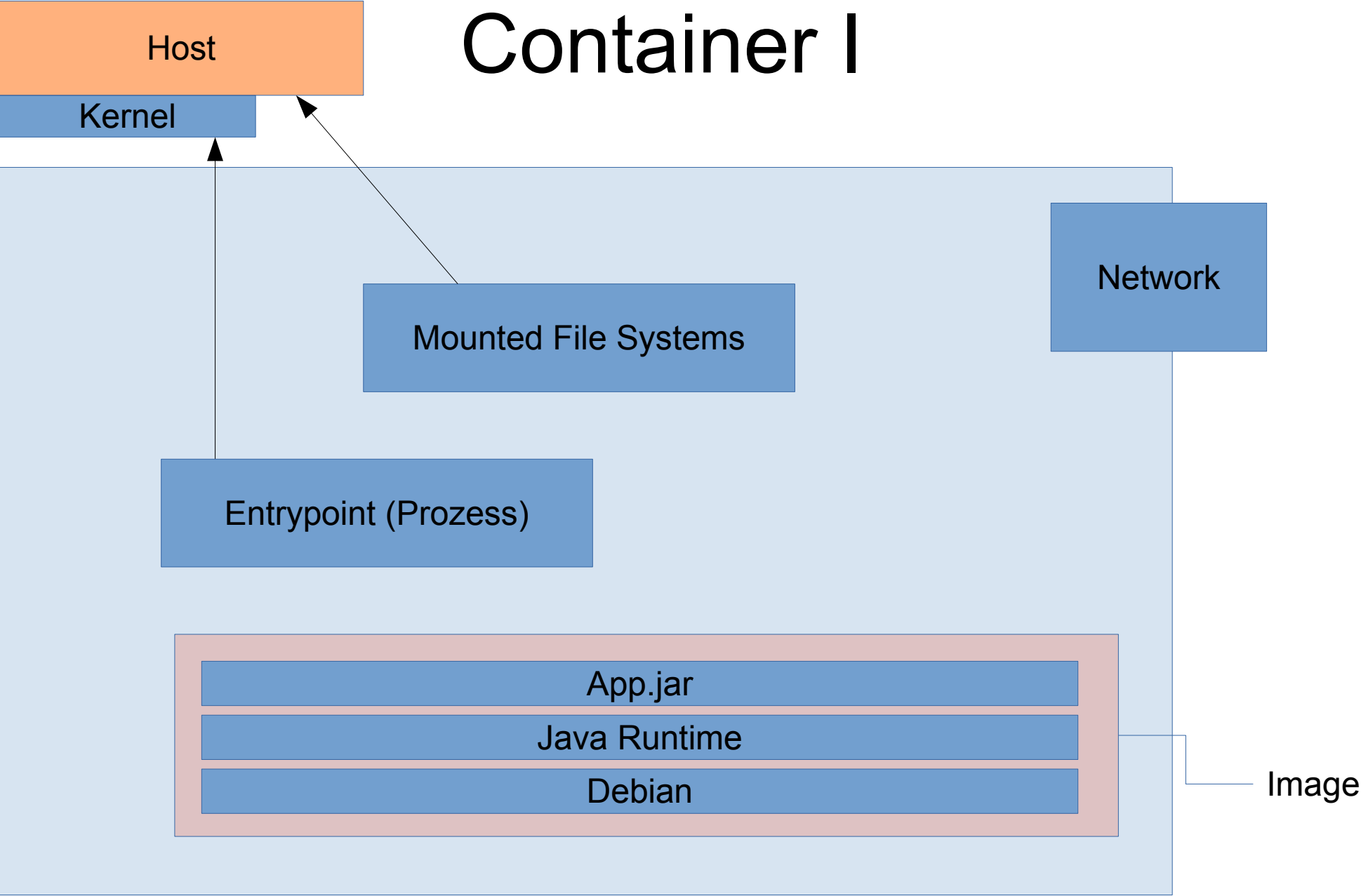
[http://paislee.io/content/images/2015/03/blue\\_whale\\_container\\_ship.jpg](http://paislee.io/content/images/2015/03/blue_whale_container_ship.jpg)

<http://docker.com>

# Container

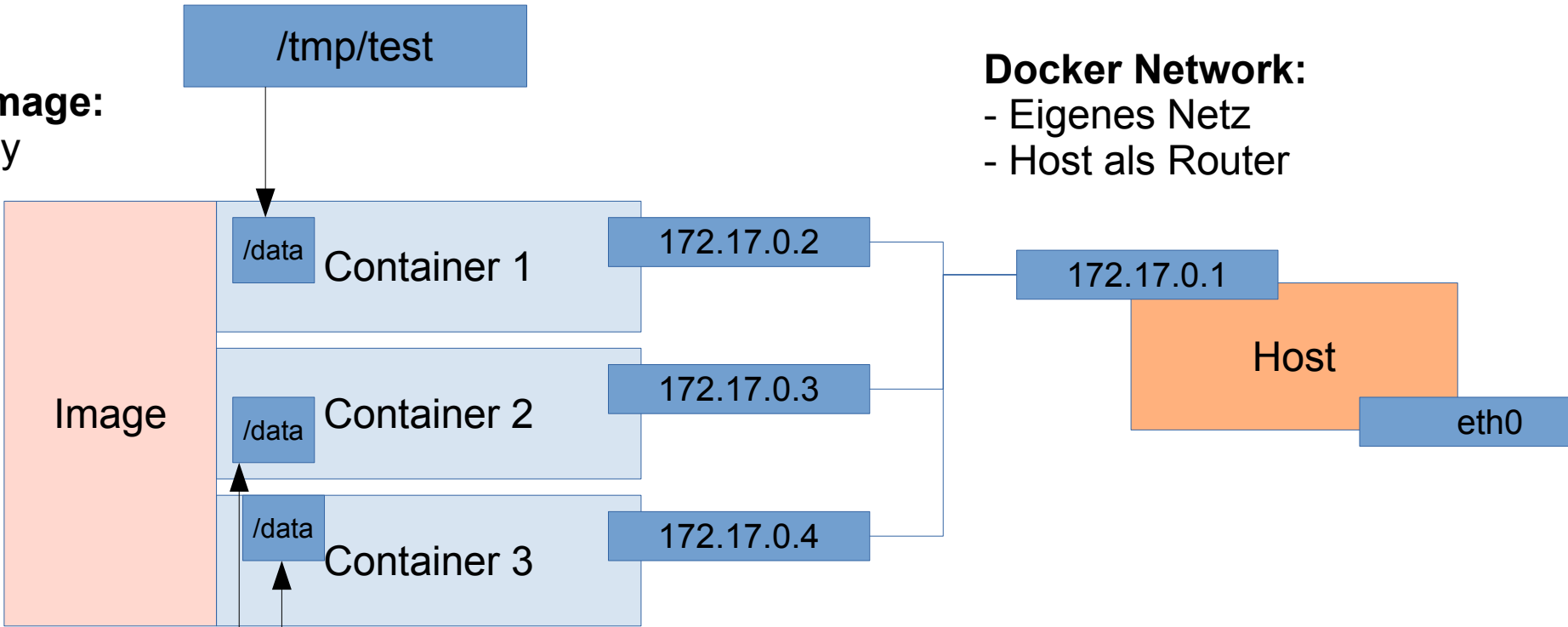


# Container I

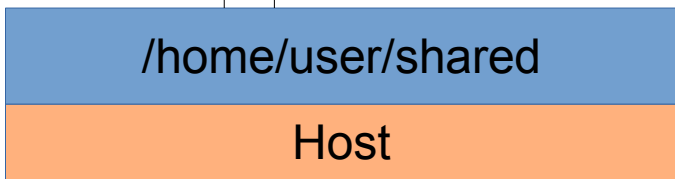


# Container II

**Docker Image:**  
- Readonly



**Docker Network:**  
- Eigenes Netz  
- Host als Router

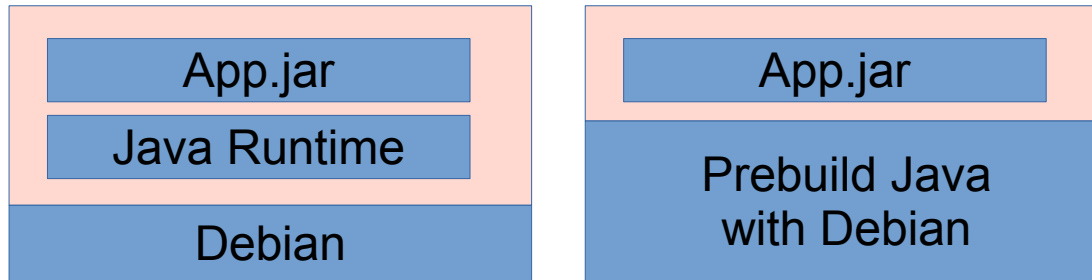


**Linux Mount:**  
- Dateisysteme  
- Dateien, via Netzwerk  
- Prozesse  
- Geräte

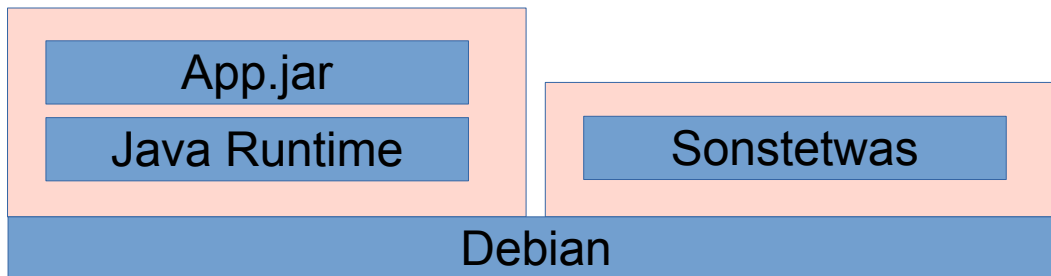


# Image

Verschiedene Wege zum selben Ziel



Images sind Readonly und werden gemeinsam benutzt



# Image Layers

```
[fsbl@fy03 ~]$ dockviz images --tree
├─<missing> Virtual Size: 123.0 MB
│   └─<missing> Virtual Size: 123.0 MB Tags: ██████████/debian:latest, debian:latest
│       ├──c613455bff48 Virtual Size: 418.7 MB Tags: ██████████mariadb-vtvote:latest
│       └─<missing> Virtual Size: 167.3 MB
│           └─<missing> Virtual Size: 289.9 MB
├─<missing> Virtual Size: 4.8 MB
│   └─<missing> Virtual Size: 11.4 MB
│       └─<missing> Virtual Size: 11.4 MB
│           └─<missing> Virtual Size: 11.4 MB
│               └─f8103909759b Virtual Size: 167.1 MB Tags: frovlvlad/alpine-oraclejdk8:slim
│                   └─b863e0eb478d Virtual Size: 167.1 MB
│                       ├──2482d902b932 Virtual Size: 200.8 MB
│                       │   └─758cd2466b14 Virtual Size: 234.5 MB
│                       │       └─77e64eee6fc6 Virtual Size: 234.5 MB
│                       ├──3223c6766ffe Virtual Size: 200.8 MB
│                       │   └─da97fb8f40e1 Virtual Size: 234.5 MB
│                       │       └─d675720f7ba6 Virtual Size: 234.5 MB
│                       ├──13be904e8623 Virtual Size: 181.3 MB
│                       │   └─b4366036a309 Virtual Size: 195.5 MB
│                       │       └─ae4abd2f09e1 Virtual Size: 195.5 MB Tags: vtvote/vote-tenant-client:latest
│                       ├──bf3f999e5aaa Virtual Size: 200.8 MB
│                       │   └─468b2f7d7fc1 Virtual Size: 234.5 MB
│                       │       └─0178d78c913f Virtual Size: 234.5 MB Tags: ██████████:██████vote-web:latest
│                       ├──e9f693c90ae6 Virtual Size: 181.3 MB
│                       │   └─ed3160c48541 Virtual Size: 195.4 MB
│                       └─4b0251738835 Virtual Size: 195.4 MB Tags: springio/gs-spring-boot-docker:latest
```

# Images Bauen

Via Dockerfile (Automatisiert)

```
Dockerfile  ⌵  
1 FROM frolovlad/alpine-oraclejdk8:slim  
2 VOLUME /tmp  
3 ADD vote-web-0.0.1-SNAPSHOT.war voteweb.war  
4 RUN sh -c 'touch /voteweb.war'  
5 ENTRYPOINT ["java", "-jar", "/voteweb.war"]
```

Via “docker commit <containerid>” (von Hand konfiguriert)

```
fsb1@fy03:~  
File Edit View Search Terminal Help  
[fsb1@fy03 ~]$ docker ps -a  
CONTAINER ID        IMAGE                                     COMMAND                  CREATED             STATUS              PORTS  
694d136d8200       [REDACTED] /mariadb-vtvote        "/usr/bin/mysqld_safe" 13 days ago        Up 8 hours         0.0.0.0:3306  
[fsb1@fy03 ~]$ docker commit 694d13
```

# Beispiel Maven Build

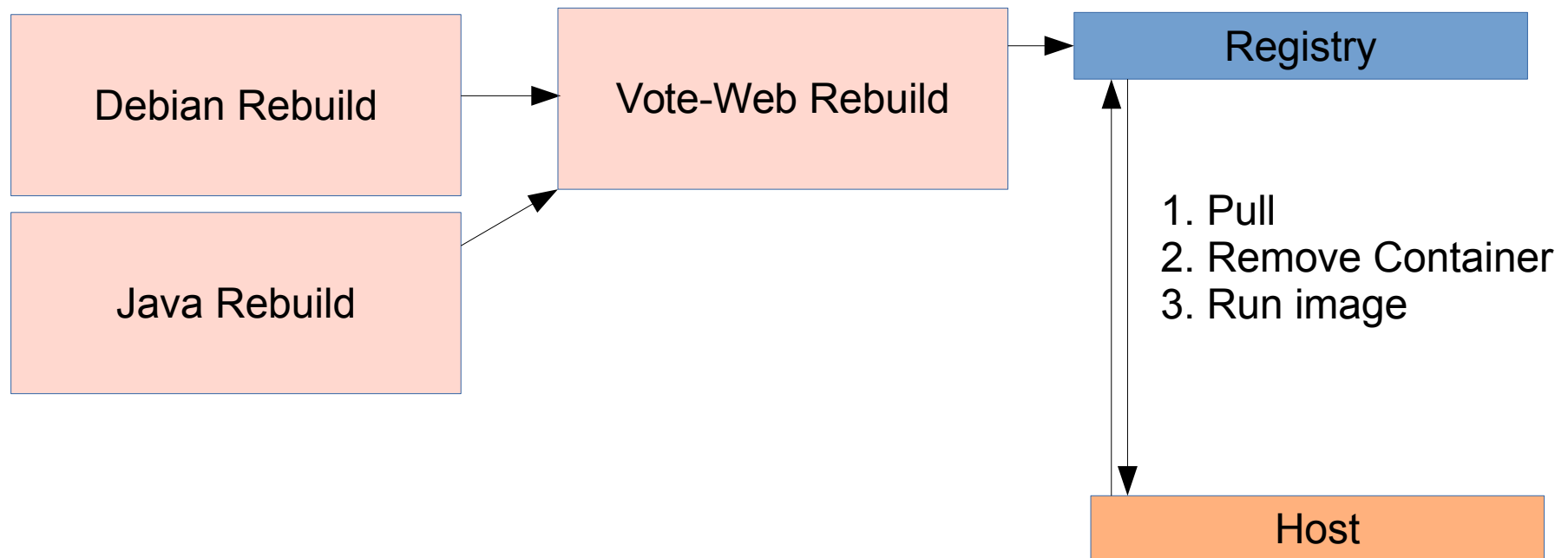
```
<plugin>
  <groupId>com.spotify</groupId>
  <artifactId>docker-maven-plugin</artifactId>
  <configuration>
    <imageName>${docker.image.prefix}/${project.artifactId}</imageName>
    <dockerDirectory>${project.basedir}/src/main/docker</dockerDirectory>
    <resources>
      <resource>
        <targetPath>/</targetPath>
        <directory>${project.build.directory}</directory>
        <include>${project.build.finalName}.war</include>
      </resource>
    </resources>
  </configuration>
</plugin>
```

# Images verteilen

- Hub: öffentliches Repo
- Registry: Software für privates Repo
  - Verteilung nur über verifiziertes TLS
  - Hashes zur Integrität der Abhängigkeiten
  - Verteilt Differenzen
- Save und Load
  - Verteilung muss selber sichergestellt werden
  - Grosse Dateien (Verteilt Alles)

# Wartbarkeit von Images

- Applikation und Daten trennen
- Automatisiert Images updaten

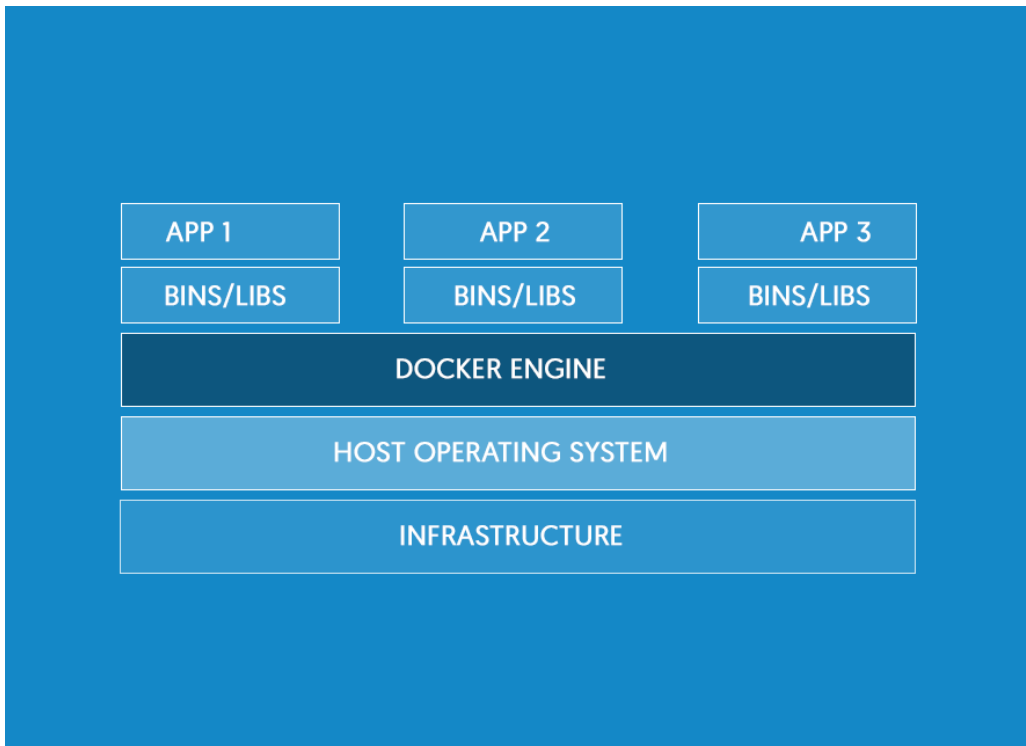


# Security

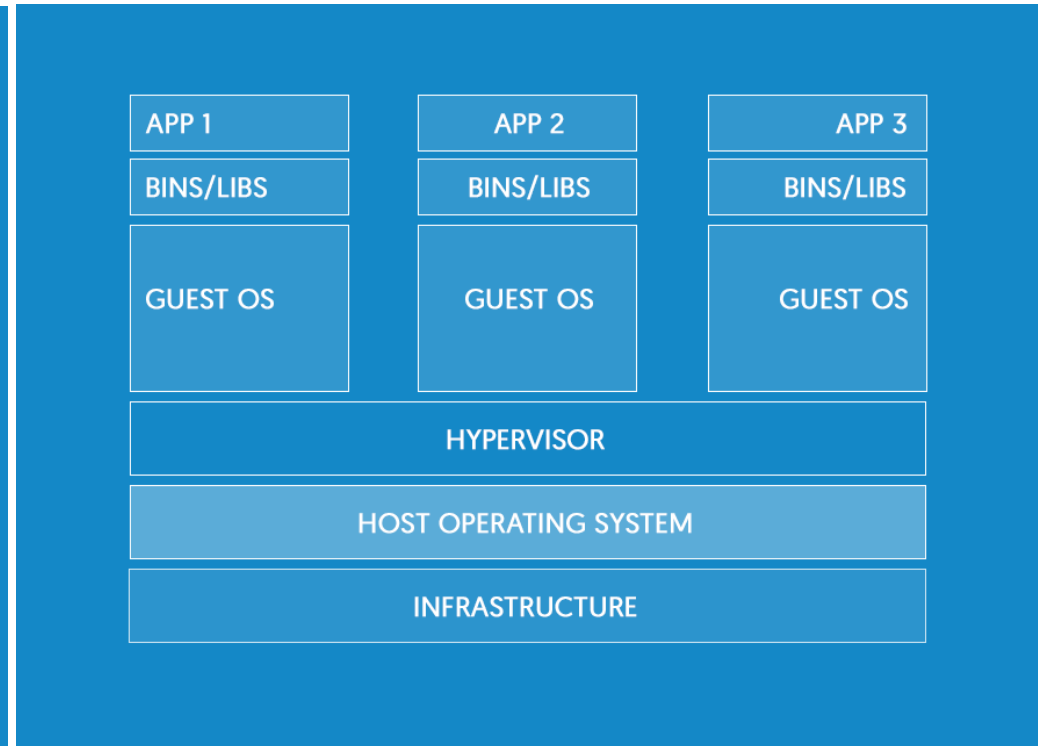
- Container und Security
  - Libs sind unabhängig
    - Updates können ohne Abhängigkeiten installiert werden
    - Verwendete Dienste und Libs sind auf ein minimum reduziert
  - Nur ein Kernel
    - Container Root ist Kernel Root
    - Ressourcen können blockiert werden
  - Flexible Erweiterungen

**Sicherer Betrieb ist nicht die Aufgabe des Containers.**

# Docker Engine



Docker



VM

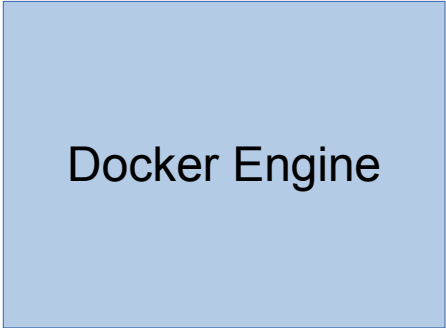


# Wiso Docker?

- Container mit Zusatz
  - Container und Images (Docker Engine)
  - Verteilung (Docker Hub)
  - Netzwerk (Docker Network)
  - Remote Management (Docker Machine)
  - Cluster Management (Docker Swarm)
  - Community

# Docker Machine

- Remote Management
  - Lokale VM für Windows und Mac
  - Container auf einem Server
  - Container in proprietärer Cloud (eigene Driver)



Docker Engine



Examples



Future Topics

# Docker Commands

- Docker run <image> → container
  - (pull,create,start)
- Docker stop <container>
- Docker start <container>
- Docker rm <container>
  
- Docker ps [-a]
- Docker images



## Glossary

**Layer** - a set of read-only files to provision the system

**Image** - a read-only layer that is the base of your container. Might have a parent image

**Container** - a runnable instance of the image

**Registry / Hub** - central place where images live

**Docker machine** - a VM to run Docker containers (Linux does this natively)

**Docker compose** - a utility to run multiple containers as a system

## Useful one-liners

Download an image  
`docker pull image_name`

Start and stop the container  
`docker [start|stop] container_name`

Create and start container, run command  
`docker run -ti --name container_name image_name command`

Create and start container, run command, destroy container  
`docker run --rm -ti image_name command`

Example filesystem and port mappings  
`docker run -it --rm -p 8080:8080 -v /path/to/agent.jar:/agent.jar -e JAVA_OPTS="-javaagent:/agent.jar" tomcat:8.0.29-jre8`

## Docker cleanup commands

Kill all running containers  
`docker kill $(docker ps -q)`

Delete dangling images  
`docker rmi $(docker images -q -f dangling=true)`

Remove all stopped containers  
`docker rm $(docker ps -a -q)`

## Docker machine commands

Use docker-machine to run the containers

Start a machine  
`docker-machine start machine_name`

Configure docker to use a specific machine  
`eval "$(docker-machine env machine_name)"`

## Docker compose syntax

docker-compose.yml file example

```
version: "2"
services:
  web:
    container_name: "web"
    image: java:8 # image name
    # command to run
    command: java -jar /app/app.jar
    ports: # map ports to the host
      - "4567:4567"
    volumes: # map filesystem to the host
      - ./myapp.jar:/app/app.jar
  mongo: # container name
    image: mongo # image name
```

Create and start containers  
`docker-compose up`

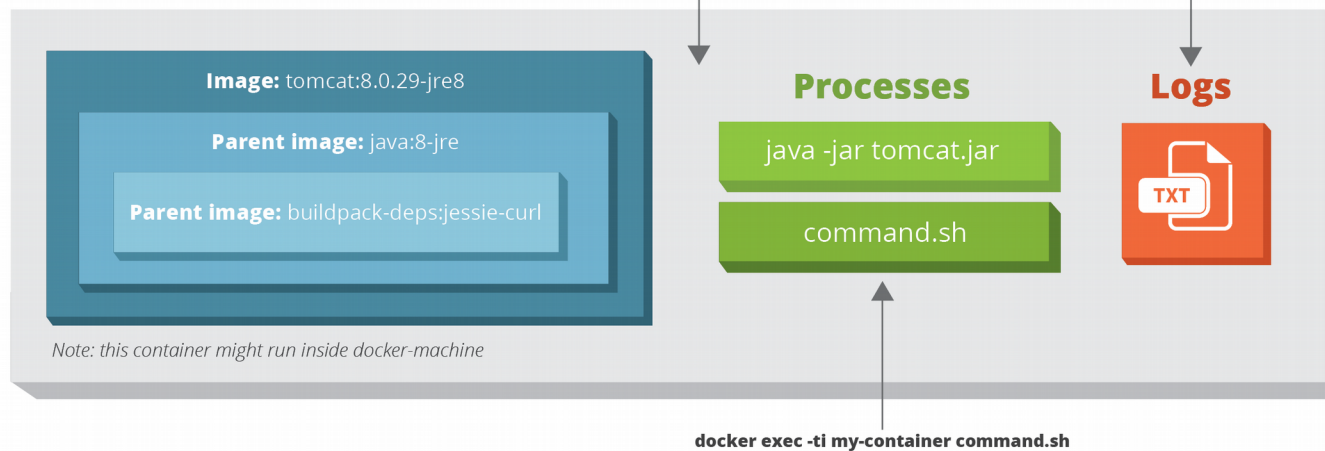
## Interacting with a container

Run a command in the container  
`docker exec -ti container_name command.sh`

Follow the container logs  
`docker logs -ft container_name`

Save a running container as an image  
`docker commit -m "commit message" -a "author" container_name username/image_name:tag`

## Container: my-container



# Examples

- Aktueller Build auf der Dev Platform
- Entwickler DB direkt von der Registry
- Images aktuell halten
- Docker Netzwerk
- Docker Management mit Docker
- Docker-compose (Komplettes vote-web mit Loadbalancing)

# Future Topics

- Cluster Management with Rancher
- Docker Overlay Networks
- Docker Cloud



“Docker-Container in der Cloud”

Fragen?



# Quellen

- [http://paislee.io/content/images/2015/03/blue\\_whale\\_container\\_ship.jpg](http://paislee.io/content/images/2015/03/blue_whale_container_ship.jpg)
- <http://docker.com>
- <https://zeroturnaround.com/rebellabs/docker-commands-and-best-practices-cheat-sheet/>
- <http://www.shiplilly.com/wp-content/uploads/2013/09/Funny-shipping.jpg>